Open letter to Members of the European Parliament calling for the absolute prohibition of spyware against journalists

Dear Members of the European Parliament,

On 3 October, you will vote on the draft report on the European Media Freedom Act (EMFA). This regulation will in part create the first European legal framework to protect journalists and media service providers from intrusive surveillance technologies. **Media, journalists and human and digital rights organisations are calling for an unconditional prohibition of the use of spyware against journalists in Article 4.**

Journalism in Europe is under attack: chilling effects resulting from surveillance and other intimidation tactics threaten to limit journalistic reporting and restrict the public's access to a plurality of trustworthy and independent reporting. The PEGA Committee demonstrated how Member States have bypassed established legal safeguards to put journalists under intrusive surveillance. Current protections in the law are de facto completely ineffective.

Although it included stronger safeguards in its opinion, the Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs (LIBE) Committee still allows the use of spyware in certain circumstances. Unfortunately, this opinion does not go far enough and could still lead to abuse. The European Parliament must close them.

Spyware is a powerful tool that puts journalistic work, freedom of expression and ultimately, democratic values in danger. Its capacity to access all data and take full control of a device cannot be technically restricted. Once a journalist's device is infected, nothing can prevent authorities "from retrieving data related to professional activity" (Article 4.2a, draft report).

The European Parliament has a unique opportunity to protect journalists and safeguard core EU democratic values. We, therefore, urge you to delete Amendment 115 (paragraph 2 c (new)) and delete references to point (ca) in Amendment 116 (paragraph 2 d (new)) to ban the use of spyware against journalists.

Sincerely,

Signatures:

- 1. Access Now
- 2. ActiveWatch (AW), Romania
- 3. Agrupación de Periodistas de UGT (FESMC-UGT), Spain
- 4. Agrupación de Periodistas FSC-CCOO, Spain
- 5. Asociația pentru Tehnologie și Internet, Romania (ApTI)
- 6. Association des Journalistes Professionnels (AJP), Belgium

- 7. Article 19
- 8. Association Luxembourgeoise des Journalistes Professionnels (ALJP), Luxemburg
- 9. CFDT-Journalistes, France
- 10. Chaos Computer Club (CCC), Germany
- 11. Committee to Protect Journalists (CPJ)
- 12. Croatian Journalists' Association (HND), Croatia
- 13. Danish Union of Journalists (DJ), Denmark
- 14. Deutsche Journalistinnen- und Journalisten- Union, (dju) in ver.di, Germany
- 15. Deutscher Journalisten-Verband (DJV), Germany
- 16. Digitale Gesellschaft, Germany
- 17. Državljan D / Cltizen D, Croatia
- 18. Dutch Association of Journalists (NVJ), The Netherlands
- 19. Electronic Frontier Finland, Finland
- 20. Electronic Frontier Foundation (EFF)
- 21. Epicenter.works, Austria
- 22. Estonian Association of Journalist (EAL), Estonia
- 23. Eurocadres
- 24. European Broadcasting Union (EBU)
- 25. European Center for Not-for-Profit Law (ECNL)
- 26. European Centre for Press and Media Freedom (ECPMF)
- 27. European Digital Rights (EDRi)
- 28. European Federation of Food, Agriculture and Tourism Unions (EFFAT)
- 29. European Federation of Journalists (EFJ)
- 30. European Federation of Public Services Union (EPSU)
- 31. European Partnership for Democracy (EPD)
- 32. European Publishers Council (EPC)
- 33. European Transport Workers' Federation (ETF)
- 34. Federación española de Sindicatos de Periodistas (FeSP), Spain
- 35. Federazione Nazionale Stampa Italiana (FNSI), Italy
- 36. Free Press Unlimited (FPU)
- 37. Global Forum for Media Development (GFMD)
- 38. Homo Digitalis, Greece
- 39. Hungarian Press Union (HPU), Hungary
- 40. IFEX
- 41. Index on Censorship
- 42. IndustriAll European Trade Union
- 43. International Federation of Journalists (IFJ)
- 44. International Press Institute (IPI)
- 45. Journalists and Media Workers United (JMWU), France
- 46. Journalists' Union of Athens Daily Newspapers (JUADN), Greece
- 47. Journalists' Union of Macedonia and Thrace (ESIEMTH), Greece
- 48. Justice for Journalists Foundation, UK
- 49. Latvian Association of Journalists (LZA), Latvia
- 50. Lithuanian Journalists Union (LZS), Lithuania
- 51. Mnemonic, Germany
- 52. National Union of Journalists (NUJ), UK & Ireland
- 53. OBC Transeuropa (OBCT)
- 54. Ossigeno.info, Italy
- 55. Periodical and Electronic Press Union (PEPU ESPIT), Greece
- 56. Politiscope, Croatia
- 57. Rory Peck Trust, UK

- 58. Sindicato de Periodistas de Andalucía (SPA), Spain
- 59. Sindicato dos Jornalistas (SINJOR), Portugal
- 60. Slovak Syndicate of Journalists, Slovakia
- 61. Slovenian Association of Journalists (DNS), Slovenia
- 62. Society of Journalists, Poland
- 63. South East Europe Media Organisation (SEEMO)
- 64. Swedish Union of Journalists (SJ), Sweden
- 65. Syndicate of Journalists of the Czech Republic (SNCR), Czechia
- 66. Syndicat National des Journalistes (SNJ), France
- 67. Syndicat national des journalistes CGT (SNJ-CGT), France
- 68. The Civil Liberties for Europe (Liberties)
- 69. The Electronic Privacy Information Center (EPIC)
- 70. The Federation for Culture and Mass-Media FAIR-MediaSind, Romania
- 71. Trade Union of Croatian journalists (TUCJ), Croatia
- 72. UNI Europa, the European Services Workers Union
- 73. UNI Media, Entertainment & Arts (UNI-MEI)
- 74. Union of Armenian Journalists (UAJ), Armenia
- 75. Union of Bulgarian Journalists (UBJ), Bulgaria
- 76. Union of Cyprus Journalists (ESK), Cyprus
- 77. Union of Journalists in Finland (SJ), Finland
- 78. Union of Slovenian Journalists (SNS), Slovenia
- 79. Vlaamse Vereniging van Journalisten (VVJ), Belgium
- 80. Wikimedia Europe